# Psychohistory News

# Newsletter of the International Psychohistorical Association Volume 35, Number 2 – Spring 2016

# A House Divided: The Republicans in 2016

by Ken Fuchsman

Editor's Note: This article responds to earlier ones by Brian D'Agostino and David Lotto. D'Agostino's piece, "Understanding the Republican Group Fantasy," appeared in the previous issue of this newsletter. His analysis of one of the Republican debates uncovered a recurring theme of humiliation and restoration of power through guns and especially military



Policy showdown between Republican House Speaker Paul Ryan and Presumptive Presidential Nominee Donald Trump

power. The article examined the demise of white male privilege and decreasing economic security since the 1970s and the decline of American power internationally as the historical context for feelings of humiliation among white males, the key demographic in Republican politics. It argued further, based on survey research on

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### <u>PRESIDENT'S REPORT</u>

### The IPA Two Years Later

by Brian D'Agostino

Dear IPA Members and Friends,

A lot has happened in our organization since I became president in June 2014. My most important goal was to build a collaborative leadership team; I undertook this at the outset, and everything else followed. Gilda Graff had agreed to serve as Vice President, and former IPA President Denis O'Keefe had agreed to stay involved in the leadership and

take up the role of Treasurer. Ken Fuchsman became the fourth member of our team. Through monthly conference calls, group emails every week, and a lot of hard unpaid work, this little group has accomplished a great deal in two years, which I will share with you in this report.

By far our most time-consuming and demanding project has been the IPA's annual conference, planning for which begins soon after the previous conference. There are many moving parts to this and endless details involving speakers, luncheons, pricing, book tables, program layout, technology, promotion, and much more. Making the right

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#### PRESIDENT'S REPORT

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decisions on such an array of details, creating a coherent design for the whole, and actually doing the work of implementation would be an overwhelming task for one person. Remarkably, Denis O'Keefe did all this virtually by himself when he was president, but in the last two years this has been mostly a collective effort by the leadership team working in a collegial spirit.

Our Geneva-based International Vice President, Marc-André Cotton, has represented the IPA at several European conferences. During and in between conferences, he has been an important presence for the IPA in Europe—giving presentations, networking, disseminating literature, and having an exchange of ideas with a wide array people interested in psychohistory in multiple countries and disciplines.

Along with Marc André's work, I have made a point to reach out beyond the IPA's traditional heartland in America's Northeast, in some cases working personally with new members from places as diverse as India (Prof. Souvik Raychaudhuri), Nigeria (Fr. Anthony Bature) and Minnesota (Kristina Blake), while also deepening existing relationships with members from California (Dr. Faye Snyder) to Germany (Dr. Ludwig Janus). I also attended a conference organized by Dr. Habibeh Rahim, Professor of Islamic Studies at St. John's University, and she is now an IPA member and part of our network. I hesitate to mention individual names because there are so many more, but these few give a flavor of the outreach I have been doing as IPA president in the last two years.

The most important recent development in the New York area has been the IPA's exciting partnership with the Object Relations Institute (ORI) for Psychoanalysis and Psychotherapy, a NYS chartered educational institution founded twenty five years ago by Dr. Susan Kaveler-Adler. IPA Vice President Gilda Graff, a graduate of ORI, initiated this relationship in 2014. Last year, five members of ORI's scientific faculty became IPA members and eight faculty or affiliates presented at our conference.

Our biggest debt of all in making this partnership happen is to the indefatigable Dr. Inna Rozentzvit, an ORI administrator and faculty member. Inna has done a massive amount of work implementing the ORI's

(CE) credits in psychoanalytic education for all mental health professionals. Last year, Inna videotaped much of our conference, and this year, with Sandra Indig and two assistants hopes to videotape all the presentations.

In order to support creation of the IPA-ORI partnership from our side, the IPA's collaborative leadership team has been indispensable. In working with Inna, I was able to make some decisions and do some of the work myself, but often consulted with Gilda and Denis and got their help with implementation, especially on matters involving the complicated world of CEUs and on the nuts and bolts work of organizing a conference jointly with ORI.

### IPA Leadership Team, 2014-2016



Brian D'Agostino



Denis O'Keefe



Gilda Graff



Ken Fuchsman

The last two years have seen a refurbishing of our organization's website, which now hosts online membership renewal and conference registration as well as an archive with back issues of *Psychohistory* News, which we have also begun to distribute electronically. Editing and producing this newsletter has been a major focus of my activity in the last two years. I have solicited or written articles applying psychohistory to current events including racial politics, terrorism, electoral politics, immigration, mass shootings, nuclear weapons, and international events from Syria, Greece, France, and India. We have run sponsorship of our conference and the authorization of essays by graduate students and reports of student our conference to award Continuing Education Units research as well as articles about trauma and post-(CEUs) for social workers and Continuing Education traumatic growth, parenting, emotional literacy, and keeping up with the newsletter, I encourage you to visit our website at www.psychohistory.us peruse the archive for these articles and more.

Thanks to the support of our sponsors ORI, NYU Silver School of Social Work, and Advanced Clinical Education Foundation of the NYSSCSW, as well as the careful planning and hard work of Inna Rozentsvit and the IPA leadership team, this year's conference is going to be the largest in the recent history of our organization, including four concurrent rooms of presentations and over 60 presenters. Our keynote speaker, Prof. Sheldon Solomon, is a co-creator of Terror Management Theory, an immensely successful



IPA International Vice President Marc-André Cotton

sexual abuse. If you haven't been interdisciplinary research paradigm based on the work of Ernest Becker. We have presentations on topics and ranging from psychogeography, neurohermeneutics, and psychoanalysis, to Islam, poetry, trauma, and the future of predatory institutions.

> With all of this growth and change, the last two years have also been a time of loss, most notably of Helen Lawton last August. As with her husband Henry, a founding member and pillar of our organization who died in February 2014, the IPA was a labor of love for Helen. Long-time members will always remember her sitting behind the registration table of our conferences. All the achievements I have described here were made possible by the hard work and dedication of the Lawtons.

At this year's convention, I will be stepping down as IPA president. Ken Fuchsman expressed a willingness to take up the role, and I was glad he did because I am working on a book-Nature and the Human Spirit: Creating a Future Without Brian D'Agostino, Ph.D. Illusions—that has not been getting IPA President

the attention it requires. However, I intend to remain actively involved on the IPA leadership team as Secretary, communications director and newsletter editor.

Dr. Fuchsman, a professor and administrator at University of Connecticut, is a longtime member of the IPA, Psychohistory Forum, and most recently of the IPA leadership team and Executive Committee. Ken is a meticulous scholar, independent thinker, and visionary psychohistorian brimming with ideas for the development of our organization and field. He is the only one who expressed interest in being president and followed the procedures needed to be nominated. I couldn't be more excited about what lies ahead for the IPA under his leadership.

Last but not least, I want to thank you, our members; without your participation and financial support, there would be no IPA!

Warm regards,

#### Brian

#### **REPUBLICANS IN 2016**

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punitive child rearing and political conservatism, that Republican white males on average may respond to this historical context differently than their Democratic counterparts because of their psychobiographies.

David Lotto's paper, The South Has Risen Again: Thoughts on the Tea Party and the Recent Rise of Right-Wing Racism, presented at Psychohistory Forum this January, examined the significance of racism in fueling the recent rise of the Tea Party and related right-wing political groups and activity. It briefly

explored some of the history of racism in the United States that has been directed toward African Americans and how it has influenced political developments from colonial times to the present. It suggested that this racist resurgence can be seen, in part, as a re-enactment of the trauma of the Civil War by the descendants, and those who identify with them, who were on the losing side of that conflict.

Fuchsman's article is followed by replies from D'Agostino and Lotto.

KEN FUCHSMAN: Both Brian D'Agostino and David Lotto venture into psychohistory and the contemporary Republican Party. Lotto

focuses on Tea Party racism and D'Agostino on guns and militarism; they both underplay some crucial historical and ideological elements.

From the late 1970s California tax revolt until mid-way through the second Bush Presidency, there was a consensus that united various Republican factions. It centered on across the board tax cuts, that government was the problem, and blaming tax and spend liberals for the nation's woes. There was also a renewed rise of a religious right that joined together political and social conservatism. Jerry Falwell became

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#### **REPUBLICANS IN 2016**

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the most well-known of these religious leaders. Disguised racism was part of this, both in Reagan's talk of welfare queens and the dislike of affirmative action programs. Still, what connected the corporate elite and Reagan Democrats was a hostility to an activist government in domestic affairs that has its roots in the American Revolution and the first Jefferson administration.

In foreign affairs, from the Eisenhower administration of the 1950s through the Reagan and George H. W. Bush presidencies, militant rhetoric was common, but actions did not quite match the speeches. Covert activities flourished, with limited reliance on war. Under the first Bush, the US did remove Noriega in Panama and had a short and contained war over Kuwait

The military and economic catastrophes of the George W. Bush years destroyed the Republican consensus. When the second Bush took office, he too rolled back taxes, but then the aggressive interventionism and the long Iraq war eventually soured many Republicans. By matching rhetoric and action in foreign affairs, George W. went against some of the modern Republican tradition. The Great Recession was the straw that broke the Republican camel's back.

aligned with the Republican Party, apart. It modeled itself on the Revolutionary era Boston event that broke the law to oppose tyranny.

instruments of special interests and two Republican factions. big government. Once these radical Conservatives had elected sufficient Now, some of the more establishnumbers to the House of Representatives, they flexed their muscles. running a third party candidate as an With Tea Party intransigence, Repubalternative to a Trump candidacy. lican Speaker John Boehner had The Republicans were so factionaltrouble holding his caucus together. ized that at the end of March, none These militants had no qualms about of the three remaining Republican shutting the federal government presidential candidates would reafdown. They became so hostile to firm their sworn pledge to back Boehner and made it so difficult for whomever is the party's nominee. him to gain consensus, he both As Senator Lindsey Graham said, resigned as Speaker and left Con- "My party is completely screwed gress.

ded between the so called main- remains divided. Normally, after stream, the radical wing, and the someone gets the nomination, others Trump followers. Contemporary in leadership positions declare their mainstream Republicans are happy to support for the winner. Not this use the government to aid big year. The last two Republican Prebusiness and Wall Street, to support sidents and the last two party large expenditures for the military, to candidates for the nation's highest

see both major political parties as matters than are either of the other

ment Republicans are toying with up." This is a party at odds with itself. With Trump as the presump-Now Republicans are seriously divitive Republican nominee, the party

Now Republicans are seriously divided between the so called mainstream, the radical wing, and the Trump followers.

keep taxes down, and to allow the office are not attending the party deficit to balloon out of control. Tea convention. Many of those who ran Party members of Congress hate the against Trump have not endorsed deficit, and all sorts of big govern- him. The Republican Speaker of the ment. Radical Congressional conser- House in early May said he was not vatives advocated for the sequester, yet ready to get behind Trump. The which substantially cut back expend- establishment Republicans and itures for the Pentagon. By and large, many in the Tea Party have not yet the Tea Party carries on the anti- declared their support for the authoritarian tradition of the radical presumptive nominee. The Tea Party, a political movement elements of the American Revolution era. The mainstream Republicans fit The Republicans are no longer a emerged after the economy fell in with corporate America's hierar- party with a consensus. But what chical structures. The Trumpites are about the other claims of Lotto and a diverse group, who are drawn to D'Agostino. Is racism part of the Trump's promise of American great- Tea Party? Yes, but the main thrust Many in the Tea Party are hostile to ness, both economically and in of the Tea Party is a fierce opposibig government and Wall Street. It foreign affairs. He is more willing to tion to large government, the Afwas common among Tea Partiers to use big government in domestic fordable Care Act, and our econo-

### **International Psychohistorical Association Contacts**

Brian D'Agostino, President bdagostino@verizon.net Gilda Graff, Vice President gildagraff@optonline.net Denis J. O'Keefe, Treasurer and Membership, djo212@nyu.edu Marc-André Cotton, International Vice President marc-andre.cotton@wanadoo.fr Molly Castelloe, Clio's Psyche listserve moderator msc214@nyu.edu

mic woes. A 2012 poll found their important issue for 25 percent of important, level of government spending, and important issues in the state of the economy.

Does the right to bear arms and war mongering bring many Republicans together? You bet. But are guns and the military the most important issues to those in the GOP? Brian D'Agostino thinks so. He says that there is a Republican group fantasy, and it focuses on guns and militarism. He bases this conclusion on the January 14th Republican debate where, by his count, guns and the military were mentioned 156 times. How do we know if what these candidates discussed is representative of Republican opinion? The Gallup organization soon after the debate polled Republicans and those leaning in that direction. Of fifteen issues mentioned, gun policy ranked economy and terrorism/national sefederal budget deficit, employmilitary power as such.

top issues to be their disapproval of Republicans, gun control for 5 understand their fantasies. On the health care reform, that government percent, and foreign policy for 4 other hand, we should not make does not represent the citizenry, the percent. After the economy the most these concerns more central than the importance are terrorism, social sources indicates they are. With a security, immigration, and the budget party that is at the moment so deficit. As foreign policy was ranked factionalized, it is important not to low in importance, Republicans did not appear to connect terrorism with international relations. For a world power, foreign policy cannot be easily separated from defense preparedness. Again, neither guns nor militarism poll very high among GOP voters. The polls clearly show that economic and fiscal issues are more central to Republicans than weapons and the armed forces.

One debate's rhetoric should not be taken as representative of Republican priorities. For instance, since that January 14th event, Donald Trump has made foreign policy comments that are murky in relation to militareleventh. Tied for first were the ism. He calls NATO obsolete and too expensive, and is willing to remove curity. Following that were the American armed forces from Japan and South Korea unless those ment/jobs, and the size of the federal countries pay for them. Trump is in government. While security was some ways willing to back away from tied for the top of the Republican's the globalism that has been integral list of issues, it is not clear to what to the use of the American military extent that includes building up our since the 1940s. Not surprisingly, armed forces. The poll did not Senator Cruz said that these collect data on opinions about suggestions of Trump's show he is out of his depth.

A later poll conducted in March by The Grand Old Party remains grandly The Economist and YouGov finds divided. For some the right to bear the economy to be the most arms and a powerful military is most

and we need order of evidence from polls and other mistake the part for the whole.

> Ken Fuchsman is a professor and administrator at University of Connecticut, a widely published psychohistorian, and a member of the Editorial Boards of Clio's Psyche and The Journal of Psychohistory. He can be reached at kfuchsman@gmail.com

#### **RESPONSE FROM DAVID LOTTO**

I would like to elaborate on a central aspect of Ken Fuchsman's argument about the importance of ideology, which Brian D'Agostino also addresses in his comments: the idea that Republicans, conservatives, tea partiers, and fellow travelers are believers in small government and its corollaries, low taxes and an aversion to deficit spending.

The first thing that needs to be said is that the vast majority of those claiming that they are against big government simply aren't, the one exception being the libertarian

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#### RESPONSE FROM LOTTO

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wing of the Republican Party. One of the largest categories of government expenditures in this country, the military—the defense department budget plus additional military related activities (such as the VA, pensions for military retirees, interest on the debt from past military spending, and the budgets of the Department of Homeland Security, the NSA, and CIA black ops, among others)—is 1.3 trillion out of a total federal budget of 3.7 trillion a year, every dollar of which comes from taxpayers. To be in favor of these expenditures, or even just not to object to them, while calling yourself an advocate for smaller government is at best blatant hypocrisy. What small government supporters want is to not have to spend "their" money on social security benefits, child care, health care, food stamps, education, and any of the many budget requests that Republicans

problem with spending money on the military and "security."

Why some people are like this is rich territory for psychohistorical exploration. There are many possible sources for the power and popularity of this belief system, or group fantasy. Hypotheses go from those about harsh child rearing leading to projected aggression, to racism, militarism, American Exceptionalism, white privilege being threatened by changed demographics, or resentment over loss of wealth or status. However, further discussion is beyond the scope of this brief reply.

Another difficulty for anti-big government conservatives is that the vast majority of the 6.7 trillion dollar yearly total of federal, state, and local government expenditures goes to paying for goods and services contracted out and provided by private businesses or individuals. Economic multiplier effects generate large additional economic gains for

usually vote against. They have no the private sector. Government contracts are the lifeblood of much of our capitalist economy; both large corporations and small businesses and all their employees benefit. So when government budgets are cut, the private sector—those who conservatives and Republicans claim to represent—pays a heavy price.

> I have a brief comment on the use of polling data in psychohistorical analyses. Poll questions are not very good at ascertaining motives or attitudes that are either largely unconscious or that people are reluctant to admit to because of their negative connotations. For example, poll data is not likely to accurately measure racist motivation.

David Lotto is Editor of The Journal of Psychohistory, psychoanalyst in private practice in Pittsfield, Massachusetts, the author of numerous peer reviewed articles in psychoanalysis psychohistory. He can be reached at dlotto@nvcap.rr.com

#### RESPONSE FROM **BRIAN D'AGOSTINO**

According to Ken Fuchsman, my article presents an overly monolithic picture of the Republican Party. I believe this impression arose from the phrase "the Republican Group Fantasy" in the title. In retrospect, I should have said "a" Republican group fantasy, making it clear that militarism—my chosen focus—was one of several relevant ideological themes

The data on which I based my article—the transcript of a single debate—was also only one of many sources of data needed for a complete picture.

Fuchsman cites opinion data in which gun rights are much less for the sequester, which included

salient for Republicans than they defense cuts. Regarding anti-govwere during the debate, and other data that he interprets to mean that militarism is not salient. The data on guns is relevant, but I question his claims about militarism. He notes that "terrorism/national security" was tied with the economy for first place in one of the surveys. There is obviously much overlap between this topic and "a strong military." Had the latter term been provided as an option for survey respondents instead of "terrorism/ national security," it is a legitimate question whether the results would have been similar

Fuchsman also argues that antigovernment ideology trumps militarism among radical conservative Republicans and that they advocated

ernment ideology, as David Lotto argues in his comments, consistent libertarians such as Rand Paul are a small minority of the Republican electorate, including the Tea Party. When the vast majority of Republicans attack "government," they do not include the military. The sequester was a bipartisan compromise in which most Republicans accepted defense cuts they didn't want in exchange for social spending cuts they did want. Marco Rubio and Ted Cruz, who enjoyed strong Tea Party support, were among the most hawkish of all the Republican primary candidates.

In summary, militarism is a dominant element in contemporary Republican ideology and unites the major party factions Fuchsman de- According to Fuchsman, "By and ism on the one hand, and, consistent lineates, with the partial exception of Trump. But the Donald is notoriously fickle and his amorphous policy positions will be shaped by the party he now leads. Getting \$100 million dollars from Sheldon Adelson, for example, will help insure a hawkish Israel policy should Trump get elected.

Finally, going beyond my article, I want to comment on the issue of racism and the Tea Party, which was the topic of David Lotto's paper.

radical elements of the American other. Revolution era." I believe this claim merits critical scrutiny. Is the Tea Brian D'Agostino is President of

large, the Tea Party carries on the with Lotto's paper, correlated with anti-authoritarian tradition of the unconscious racist attitudes on the

Party really a champion of race- the International Psychohistorical neutral "liberty" in the mold of Association, the author of peer Thomas Paine or is the "tyranny" to reviewed research in political which they object a federal govern- psychology, and author of The ment perceived as benefiting racial Middle Class Fights Back: How minorities at their expense? I would **Progressive Movements Restore** argue that their "anti-government" Democracy in America. He can be ideology is compatible with militar- reached at bdagostino@verizon.net.

#### REPORT FROM EUROPE

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and a brief five-point explanation of the origin of torture in traumatization and mental dissociation. This served as a conversation piece with passers by about the global consequences of violence in childrearing and the major contribution of our field in understanding human violence in general. Most people have never heard of psychohistory, some mention the fictional Foundation Trilogy (1951-1953) by Isaac Asimov as sole reference, but all pay close attention when I state that humans are not violent by nature. Discussion begins and many confide their own problems as former victims or concerned caretakers.



The IPA booth at Lyon's Eco-Fair, February 2016

One serious obstacle is the language barrier: the French generally don't read English, the language in which most PH literature is written. These past years, I've made efforts to translate some PH concepts in French and to adapt them to a European audience, notably through our website Regard conscient (www.regardconscient.net). Readers of PEPS magazine are also familiar with Marc-André Cotton is a teacher, Geneva-based psychohistory, as my quarterly column regularly deals psychohistorian, and the IPA's International Vicewith PH notions in parenting. Books in French, such as *President*. Dr Ludwig Janus's Introduction à la psychologie andre.cotton@netcourrier.com

périnatale (2015), or my own Au nom du père, les années Bush et l'héritage de la violence educative (2014), do sell a bit. But visitors most often leave with a free copy of the many articles available on the stand.

This work was part of my wider effort to spread information on psychohistory and supportive parenting in the Francophone world. It should be noted that the general public is increasingly aware of the adverse influence of violence in education, as the Council of Europe moves towards a general ban of corporal punishment by its member states. The French government itself, which has been reluctant to adopt specific legislation on this matter, has just published a Parent's book stating that "hitting a child has no educational value" (Le Figaro, 4/4/2016). The Minister of Women, Family and Childhood, Laurence Rossignol, will send this booklet promoting benevolent childrearing practices to all future parents.

Recently, I've also been active on Facebook, posting PH related material within various social groups, occasionally generating a good response by users. The French translation of an article on the psychological impact of C-sections, by Greek colleague Olga Gouni, was shared more than six thousand (www.regardconscient.net/archi16/1603impactcesarien ne.html). These good results are an encouragement to further inform and share, a common objective to which I'm honored to contribute. All the best from Europe!

--Marc-André

He can be reached at marc-

### *REPORT FROM EUROPE*

# **Bringing Psychohistory to** One of France's Biggest Eco-Fairs

by Marc-André Cotton

public about psychohistorical ists. This thirtieth fair featured ?v=4gDC630ib2I). This year, issues through efforts such as the more than five hundred exhibitors along with fellow therapist Sylvie one described in this article. Our and thirty thousand visitors in a Vermeulen, we shared an informawork has never been more timely, as supportive parenting and the progressive solutions for a susadverse influence of violence in tainable future education are being debated in (www.salonprimevere.org). France, and the Council of Europe is advocating a general ban on corporal punishment of children.

France's biggest gatherings of heard in French on YouTube

The IPA is educating the general environmental and social activ- (https://www.youtube.com/watch three day long jubilee around tion stand on the PH perspective,

Last year, I was honored to lecture on Greed: Why Do Rich People Since we were placed next to the In February, for the second year in historical point of view, at a stand, I made up a poster with the a row, the IPA had a booth at meeting that attracted more than question "Why Do We Torture?" Lyon's annual Eco-Fair, one of two hundred people; this may be

displaying books in French and English as well as copies of PEPS magazine, our French quarterly on positive parenting.

Get Richer, from a psycho- Amnesty International information

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## Vulnerability/Victory by Sandra Indig

Fear and terror are often embodied in internalized imagery, which, once projected, can evoke in the viewer a powerful, emotional, and physiological response. The struggle to overcome these abstract states, through much suffering, can lead to post traumatic growth or victory over our human body frailty.







The series of paintings by Sandra Indig, "Vulnerability/Victory," Acrylic on archival paper, "19" x 69" will be on view throughout the IPA 2016 Conference.

Sandra Indig is a psychotherapist, psychoanalyst, and arts therapist in private practice in NYC. She is Committee Chair, Creativity& NeuroPsychoED, New York State Society for Clinical Social Work. Her book, "Image/Word" is in print with MindMend Publishing. For examples of her writing and art work go to www.sindig.com